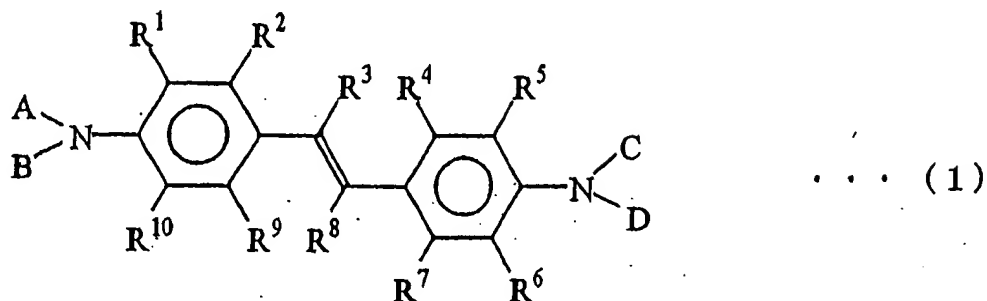


IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A novel styryl compound represented by the following general formula (1):

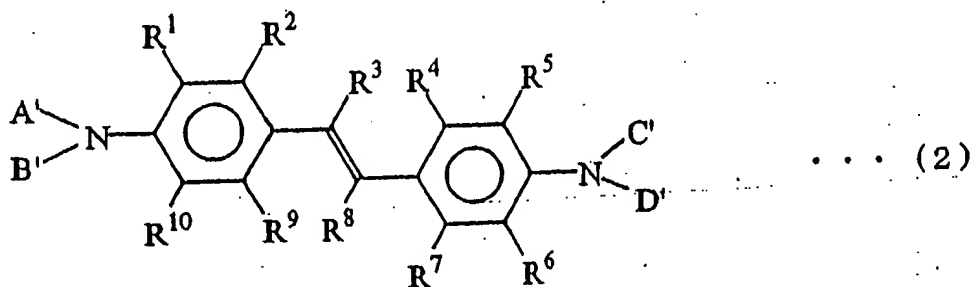


wherein R^1 to R^{10} each independently represent hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 30 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 30 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 6 to 18 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted condensed polycyclic group having 6 to 30 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic group having 5 to 30 carbon atoms, amino group, an alkylamino group having 2 to 30 carbon atoms, an arylamino group having 6 to 30 carbon atoms, cyano group, nitro group, hydroxyl group or a halogen atom, and adjacent groups among groups represented by R^3 to R^{10} may be bonded to each other and form a saturated or unsaturated carbon ring and the groups represented by R^1 and R^2 are not

bonded to each other and do not form a saturated or unsaturated carbon ring; and

A, B, C and D each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 40 carbon atoms, and at least two of A, B, C and D each represent a group represented by $-\text{Ar}^1-\text{Ar}^2$, Ar^1 representing a substituted or unsubstituted phenylene group or naphthalene group and Ar^2 representing a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 34 carbon atoms, excluding a case in which A and C represent biphenyl group and B and D represent phenyl group.

2. (Currently Amended) A novel styryl compound represented by the following general formula (2):



wherein R^1 to R^{10} each independently represent hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 30 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group having 1 to 30 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group

having 6 to 20 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted aryloxy group having 6 to 18 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted condensed polycyclic group having 6 to 30 carbon atoms, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclic group having 5 to 30 carbon atoms, amino group, an alkylamino group having 2 to 30 carbon atoms, an arylamino group having 6 to 30 carbon atoms, cyano group, nitro group, hydroxyl group or a halogen atom, and adjacent groups among groups represented by R^3 to R^{10} may be bonded to each other and form a saturated or unsaturated carbon ring and the groups represented by R^1 and R^2 are not bonded to each other and do not form a saturated or unsaturated carbon ring; and

A' , B' , C' and D' each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group having 1 to 20 carbon atoms or a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group having 6 to 40 carbon atoms, and A' and C' additionally each represent a substituted or unsubstituted condensed hydrocarbon group having 2 to 5 rings.

3. (Original) An electroluminescence device comprising a pair of electrodes and a film of organic compounds which is disposed between the pair of electrodes and comprises a single layer or a plurality of layers comprising at least a light emitting layer, wherein at least one of the layers of the film

of organic compounds comprises a novel styryl compound described in Claim 1.

4. (Original) An electroluminescence device comprising a pair of electrodes and a film of organic compounds which is disposed between the pair of electrodes and comprises a single layer or a plurality of layers comprising at least a light emitting layer, wherein at least one of the layers of the film of organic compounds comprises a novel styryl compound described in Claim 2.

5. (Original) An electroluminescence device comprising a pair of electrodes and a film of organic compounds which is disposed between the pair of electrodes and comprises a single layer or a plurality of layers comprising at least a light emitting layer, wherein the light emitting layer comprises a novel styryl compound described in Claim 1.

6. (Original) An electroluminescence device comprising a pair of electrodes and a film of organic compounds which is disposed between the pair of electrodes and comprises a single layer or a plurality of layers comprising at least a light emitting layer, wherein the light emitting layer comprises a novel styryl compound described in Claim 2.

7. (Original) An electroluminescence device comprising a pair of electrodes and a film of organic compounds which is disposed between the pair of electrodes and comprises a single layer or a plurality of layers comprising at least a light emitting layer, wherein an electron injecting layer or a hole injecting layer comprises a novel styryl compound described in Claim 1.

8. (Original) An electroluminescence device comprising a pair of electrodes and a film of organic compounds which is disposed between the pair of electrodes and comprises a single layer or a plurality of layers comprising at least a light emitting layer, wherein an electron injecting layer or a hole injecting layer comprises a novel styryl compound described in Claim 2.

9. (Original) An electroluminescence device according to Claim 5, wherein a layer of an inorganic compound is disposed between the light emitting layer and the electrode.

10. (Original) An electroluminescence device according to Claim 6, wherein a layer of an inorganic compound is disposed between the light emitting layer and the electrode.

11. (Previously Presented) The styryl compound according to Claim 1 wherein R^1 to R^{10} each represents hydrogen and A, B, C and D each represent a biphenyl group.

12. (Previously Presented) The styryl compound according to Claim 1 wherein R^1 to R^{10} each represents hydrogen, A and C each represents a phenyl group, and B and D each represents a naphthyl group.

13. (Previously Presented) The styryl compound according to Claim 1 wherein R^1 to R^{10} each represents hydrogen, A and C each represents a phenyl group, and B and D each represents phenanthrenyl.

14. (Previously Presented) The styryl compound according to Claim 1 wherein R^1 to R^{10} each represents hydrogen, A and C each represents a phenyl group and B and D each represents methoxynaphthyl.

15. (New) The styryl compound according to Claim 1 wherein R^1 and R^{10} each represents hydrogen and A, B, C, and D each represent a naphthyl group.